DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

A champion brave, alert and strong To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

Vol. 1.] Camp Douglas, U. T., Monday Morning, March 14, 1864. [No. 57.

Daily Union Vedette,

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, EXCEPT SUNDAYS

—AT—

CAMP DOUGLAS, UTAH TERRITORY,

—BY—

OFFICERS AND ENLISTED MEN,

OF THE

California & Nevada Territory Volunteers

Terms of Subscription:

One copy one month,	$1 00
One copy three months,	2 75
One copy six months,	5 00

Rates of Advertising:

Ten lines or less, one insertion,	$ 1 50
Ten lines or less, each subsequent insertion,	1 00
One-fourth column, one month,	15 00
One-half column, one month,	25 00
One column, one month,	45 00
Business Cards, per month,	5 00

Job Work,

SUCH AS

MINING CERTIFICATES,

PROGRAMMES, BALL INVITATIONS,

BILL HEADS,

Cards, Circulars, Blank Forms

etc., etc., etc.,

IN GOOD STYLE AND ON REASONABLE TERMS.

☞ All Orders addressed "To the Publishers of the DAILY VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory," will meet with prompt attention.

All communications must be addressed to the "Editor of the DAILY VEDETTE, Camp Douglas, Utah Territory."

☞ MR. ED. PENNINGTON is our authorized Agent for the transaction of business in Salt Lake City. Office in the U. S. Quartermaster's Storehouse, Main Street.

☞ MR. L. W. A. COLE is our Carrier and Soliciting Agent for Great Salt Lake City.

L. P. FISHER,

No 629 Washington Street, is the only Agent for the DAILY UNION VEDETTE, in the city of San Francisco. All orders for advertising, left with him will be promptly attended to.

N E W .

WE are now prepared to supply Bank Mining Deeds to parties desiring them. Having received a good supply of paper, we can fill any order with which we may be favored, for all the necessary blanks or forms required by mining companies or others.

DENTISTRY.

DR. WM. H GROVER, late of San Francisco, Cal., Surgeon and Mechanical Dentist. Office, next door to the National Hotel, G. S. L. City. nov27t.

S. M. BLAIR,

ATTORNEY GENERAL for the Territory of Utah, will attend to all business in the U. S. District Court, also, in the Territorial District Court, to be held in G. S. L. City at the March Term, 1864, that may be intrusted to his care, in a manner satisfactory. Except business where the Territory is a party.

feb11tf

FOR SALE.

GUNNY and GRAIN SACKS, at the U. S. Assistance Storehouse, Salt Lake City.

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF MAILS

FROM

SALT LAKE CITY POST OFFICE.

DEPARTURES.

Eastern Mails.

For all places East of Salt Lake City, closes at 8 A. M. each day.

Western Mails.

For all places West of Salt Lake City, closes at 6 P. M. each day.

Northern Mails.

For Bannack City, East Idaho, on Mondays at 7-30 A. M.

For all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs Idaho, on Mondays and Thursdays at 7-30 A. M.

Southern Mails.

For all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country; all settlements in San Pete county; for Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Thursdays at 6 30 A. M.

For Fillmore City, and all settlements between Salt Lake City and Fillmore, on Mondays and Thursdays, at 6-30 A. M.

ARRIVALS.

Eastern Mails.

Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—P. M.

Western Mails.

Arrive at Salt Lake City each day—A. M.

Northern Mails.

From Bannack City, East Idaho, on Saturdays 4 P. M.

From all settlements in Northern Utah and Soda Springs, Idaho Territory, on Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 P M.

Southern Mails.

From all settlements in Southern Utah, including the Cotton country, and all settlements in San Pete County, on Wednesdays, 5 P. M.

From Fillmore City, and all settlements between Fillmore and Salt Lake City, on Wednesdays and Saturdays, 5 P. M.

From Alpine City and Cedar Valley, on Fridays, 5 P. M.

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

Foreign News.

PORTLAND, March 9th.

Additional by the Nova Scotian: The *Post* says: The consent of several powers including Denmark, is wanting to the proposed Conference.

SANDY HOOK, March 9th.

By the Australasia from Liverpool the 27th, and Queenstown the 28th: The political news is unimportant. The Confederate loan had declined to 47@9.

NEW YORK, March 10th.

Additional by the Anstraliasian: London 27th: No fighting occurred in Schleswig, and there is nothing new.

Confirmed that France assents to a Conference, though not in a very earnest spirit.

Duke Augustenberg in reply to important deputation from all parts of Schleswig, declared their intention to never surrender their rights.

The *Times* considers that the main point has been gained in the assent of the Great Powers to the Conference, and hopes it will produce satisfactory results.

Four conspirators have been sentenced to transportation for life.

In the House of Commons last night, Haliburton said that at the request of the Under Foreign Secretary, he had postponed inquiry as to negotiations with the United States relative to the forcible possession of the Island of San Juan, but would not postpone the inquiry indefinitely.

The London *Post's* city article says: Private advices from Paris upon which it is believed reliance can be placed, again alludes to negotiations now in progress, preparatory for the recognition of the confederate States by the French Government, although any official acknowledgement of this fact would at this moment be thought premature and undesirable.

PARIS, Feb. 27th.

The *Constitutional* in denying erroneous assertions of certain papers respecting the proposed Conference of Enropean powers says: France could not accept the proposal of Conference, it not having yet been made to her.

NEW YORK, March 10.

The very latest, by the Australasia, from Copenhagen 27th. Denmark expressed the wish to be excused from replying to any proposition for conference, so long as Schleswig is not evacuated.

STUGARD, Feb. 27.

In the Chamber of Deputies to-day, Baron Van Hugel said, according to the most reliable information, a speedy termination of the war is not expected. Denmark has finally resolved on oposing, with the most determined resistance, the claims of Austro-Prussia and the Federal Diet.

General News.

St. Louis, March 9th.

A Leavenworth dispath says: An unsuccessful attempt was made by the Union League last night, to rescend the Resolution denouncing the Senatorial election. The members of the Legislature who were expelled, are to be allowed a trial.

Gen. Rosecrans has issued a special order requiring all persons attending religious Conventions, Assemblies, Synods, Conferences, and other Conventions held in his Department, to take a most stringent oath of allegiance, and any violation of the order will subject such assemblages to dispersion by any Provost Marshal.

CHICAGO, March 10th.

New York, 10th. Secretary Chase has written a letter which is republished to-day, declining to become a candidate for the Presidency. Referring to a former letter he says, in that I said should our friends in Ohio manifest their preference for another, I should accept their decision with ready acquiescence due from one who has been already trusted beyond merit. The recent action of the Union members of the Ohio Legislature indicating such preference, it becomes my duty to ask no further consideration be given my name.

NEW YORK, March 10th.

A Fort. Monroe letter dated the 7th says: Cavalry under Kilpatrick which made the recent raid around Lee's army and came down to Yorktown, have marched across the Peninsula to Newport Mews, and to-day are embarking for Portsmouth, Virginia, from which place they will march to Suffolk, where Gen. Herkman is quite seriously threatened by the enemy. It is said they number 20,000 strong.

A special to the *Commercial* says: Gen. Grant left to-day on a visit to the army of the Potomac, he is expected back to-morrow, and will soon return west to continue there his inspection of all armies of the Union, but will make Washington his head-quarters.

WASHINGTON, March 10th.

Ratification of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain and the final settlement of the claims of the Hudson Bay and Puget Sound Agricultural Company's, have just been exchanged. All claims between the United States authorities on one hand and of these Companies on the other with respect to possessory rights and claims of these companies and other British subjects in Oregon and Washington Territory, are being settled by transfer of these rights and claims to the Government of United States for an adequate consideration. It is agreed that both Governments shall, within twelve months after the exchange of the ratifications of the present treaty, appoint each a Commissioner for the purpose of examining and deciding all claims arising out of its provisions.

NEW YORK, March 10th.

The British steamer Don, which has been engaged in blockade running, was captured on the 4th, by the gunboat Pequot, off Wilmington. The night before a white painted, side wheel blockade runner went ashore twenty-five miles south of Bufort. Three of our cruisers have gone in search of another blockade runner, name unknown. They captured her on the 22d, in latitude thirty, longitude seventy-nine thirty.

CINCINNATI, March 9.

The *Gazette* of to-day says Secretary Chase accepted the action of the Union members of the Ohio Legislature, in recommending the re-nomination of Lincoln. He remarked that he was desirous that the harmony in the Union party should not be disturbed, and expressed a wish that his name be considered withdrawn from the canvass.

WILMINGTON, March 7.

A blockade steamer was sunk off Cape Fear, yesterday.

The Richmond *Whig* of the 7th, announces the arrival of eight hundred and sixty prisoners for exchange, under the stipulations of the cartel, and hopes regular exchanges will be resumed.

NEW YORK, March 10.

A Washington correspondent says it is understood that Gen. Grant protests against further attempts to penetrate the Confederacy, until Richmond is taken. He disagrees with Halleck, and places the highest value on the rebel Capital, declaring that Cincinnati, as well as Washington, is threatened by it.

Another correspondent says, in the movements against Richmond, it is probable that Grant will command the main colum, with Sherman, McPherson, Meade and Hooker as chief subordinates.

Gen. Wm. Smith reached here to-day, which gives rise to the renewal of the reports that he will supersede Meade. It is claimed that Grant urges his appointment.

Fire at Meridian Ct.

NEW HAVEN, March 9th.

A disastrous fire occurred at Meridian this morning, and consumed two or three blocks, including the National Bank, West Meridian Bank and the Post-office. One man was killed, and one wounded.

Recent Confirmations.

CAICAGO, March 9.

In the Senate yesterday, the following California post-masters were confirmed: Elisha B. Smith, Georgetown; D. S. Turner, Columbia; Harlow J. Street, Sonora. Elijah Steel is confirmed Indian Superintendent for northern California.

The Committee on Public Lands reported back the bill to confirm certain land claims in California.

Election in New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., March 8th.

Seventy-seven towns give Gillmore 3500 majority; he is elected by about 4,000 majority; all five Republican Counsellors elected; probably nine out of the twelve Senators elected are Republicans, and a majority of the Representatives. Heavy Union gains in every town heard from.

New York Election.

NEW YORK, March 9th.

At the election yesterday, the total vote was 23,280, of which, 16,401 was in favor of the amendment to the Constitution allowing soldiers to vote.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, March 10.

In the Senate the bills for the admission of Nevada and Colorado into the Union as States, to be considered on the 15th, was to-day set aside for Territorial business.

HOUSE—Unanimously passed the bill increasing the pensions of the Revolutionary survivors, twelve in number, to one hundred dollars additional per annum, to cease at death.

The House passed the Executive, Legislative and Judiciary Appropriation bill, which provides mainly for salaries, etc., which were heretofore fixed by law.

Julian reported an amendment to the Homestead bill, to facilitate the primary proceedings of settlers.

DAILY UNION VEDETTE.

MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 14, 1864.

News from Abroad—A Sorry "Goak."

Respectable newspapers cannot be too careful how they insert in their columns letters and statements from strolling correspondents. While such, or other contributors to the newspaper literature of the world confine themselves to denunciations of whole classes of a community, or to moralizing on the condition of society, their writings can go for just what they are worth, and perhaps the most of readers know how to weigh such expressions of opinion; but when they assume to give a statement of fact and thus undertake to write history, care should be taken that the one is not misstated and the other perverted. These thoughts have been suggested by a perusal of what purports to be a letter from Salt Lake City, dated Feb. 6th, to the Missouri *Democrat*, a paper of large circulation and good standing. The veracious writer opens with a truthful narrative of the then recent news from Bannack, detailing the hanging of the highwaymen by the Vigilance Committee. He then, for lack of facts to fill a letter (probably) draws extensively on his imagination, and states "that the Territory (of Utah) is likely to be in commotion soon on account of the Indians." All of which we may here state, is pure bosh. The Indians are peaceful and the "indications" do not point to any such state of affairs, as this imaginative writer suggests.

However, to give a little color to his suggestions of an "Indian war" this spring, the correspondent indulges in the following excessively funny and sensational coinage from his prolific brain. Our readers will be surprised to read this graphic account, published in all seriousness in the *Democrat*, and we give it entire:

"The Indians have got to be very daring of late, and an instance of their daring occurred only the day before yesterday. It was the Utes, too, who furnished it and not the Goshutes. The parties who have suffered are Artemus Ward, the lecturer: Dr. Hingston, his agent and associate, and Mr. S. M. Irwin, the actor. Artemus Ward arrived here about a month ago and put up at the Salt Lake House. He was taken ill with typhoid fever and nearly died: but got well again and has been lecturing at the great Mormon theater here, where Irwin, the actor, has also been acting. The day before yesterday the three of them made up a party at the hotel and borrowing horses started to see the Great Salt Lake, which is twenty miles distant. They took the upper road at the foot of the Wasatch mountains, and when at a place called Point of the Mountain, about eighteen miles distant from here, they came suddenly upon a camp of Ute Indians, who first asked them for meat and then demanded their horses. From Mr. Irwin who is the only one of these who have come back to the city, we learn the particulars of the affair(!!). Dr Hingston drew his revolver (!) and shot down the Indian who tried to take his horse. Mr. Ward had no pistol with him, but was fortunate enough to have a bowie knife, with which Irwin reports him to have fought valiantly(!!). Irwin, the third of the party, was wounded in the shoulder by an arrow. He returned the compliment by shooting one Indian, at least, (!) and then made a desperate attempt to save his friends. The attempt to get them off was hopeless, and he had no alternative but to put spurs to his horse and flee. He thinks Artemus Ward is wounded. Both he and the Doctor had no chance to escape, and are still in the hands of the Indians, but no great fears are expressed in the city for their safety; because Woppa-Key [Wot-ah-Lye?] the Chief of this tribe of Indians, is in the hands of General Connor as a prisoner at the Camp, (!) and while he is known to his tribe to be in peril, they will hardly dare to kill any white man. A message was sent to them by Governor Amos Reed, yesterday morning, to the effect that they must return the two gentlemen alive and unharmed by sunset, or Woppa-Key [Wot-ah Lye?] will be put to death, (!) and General Connor will march his command down upon the Indian camp, and destroy every redskin amongst them. A message has also been sent to the Utes by Brigham Young, the Mormon Chief, who has great influence over them, and who has made a kind of pet of Mr. Artemus Ward during his stay amongst us."

At the close of his letter the correspondent considerately adds the following:

P. S. Saturday night.—The two gentlemen whom the Indians caught are heard from; they are to be returned to-morrow (!!!).

Now, all this is news to the good folks hereabouts, as well as to Artemus and Mr. Irwin. In fact the whole thing is a simple fabrication without the least foundation in truth. We have an idea that the correspondent didn't mean to deceive anybody, but thought he was getting off something very funny and a good joke on Artemus Ward. But he should remember or at least learn, that there can be no "goak" in lying. To fool a man or a community by bald misstatement, is not joking, it is neither more nor less than plain, unadulterated, unpardonable falsification. Anybody can be imposed on by a lie, but only a fool will laugh at that sort of joking. We acquit the correspondent, whoever he may be, of an intention to do anybody any harm, but on reflection he must see that such correspondence is likely to do injury to the innocent and credulous. From the quotation above—published first in a respectable newspaper of St. Louis, no one can possibly glean that there is any joke in it. If the *facts* (!) stated were true they would show a dangerous condition of things here as regards Indian affairs, and might well debar from coming many who intended migrating thitherward with their families. We, therefore, repeat that the whole thing must have been intended for a sorry "goak," and at all events has not a particle of foundation in truth. We trust the *Democrat* will be more careful in admitting stray correspondence from "funny cusses" into its columns hereafter.

The correspondent writes as though he were attached to the military command here, and probably intended the editors to think so; but he exposes even this little deception all through his letter. For instance, he says 'the Mormons don't like us military," etc' Now, in the first place, there are no soldiers in Salt Lake City, whence the letter is dated In the next place, he talks confusedly about military matters and in a manner that no soldier would. He speaks of the "boys of the 2d California Volunteers here and at Fort Ruby," and says "Gen. Connor is in command of this post," (Camp Douglas) and generally mixes up things so that it is clear that the letter emanates not from a soldier, but from some temporary sojourner in Salt Lake City.

Gen Connor is not "preparing for another Indian war;" the Utes and Goshutes are quiet; the country is rapidly filling up with miners and others, and there is no danger in traveling frome one boundary of the Territory to the other. In fact the whole letter, so far as it regards matters in Utah is a huge "goak," and a tissue of seriously told misstatements intended, no doubt, to be very funny, but 'pon our souls we can't "see it."

THEATRICAL.—The performance at the City Theater, Saturday night, was more than usually good and exhilarating. Certainly it was varied enough to suit the most exacting. The "Eton Boy" was performed in good style, both the Irwins being in fine spirit. Then came "Retribution," with its love scenes between *Miralda* (Mrs. Gibson) and *Pedro* (Mr. Simmons); heavy villainy by Mr. Lindsay, (by the way, Caine should have been cast in that part, though Lindsay did very well as *Almonte*); tragedy by the chap who fired the gun behind the scene; avenging justice by *Tacon* (McKenzie), and fun 'till you couldn't rest by *Seth Swap* (Irwin). Mrs. Gibson as the Cigar Girl did much better than in any part we have before seen her attempt, and played with spirit and in good voice. However, the singing should have been dispensed with. Irwin's *Seth Swap* was a good piece of representation of broad—intensely broad Yankeeism—such, however, as is only seen on the stage. His gags were good and brought down the house by their point. Still the best *point* was made by *Miralda* at the close of the first act. Mrs. Cook's *Cecil*, (the crazy woman) was very good.

The performance culminated in the splendid farce of the "Youth who never saw a Woman." Mrs. Irwin as *Colin* did splendidly, and was dressed to perfection. Probably the best thing Miss Alexander ever played was her *Eliza* in this piece. She looked the picture of a school girl in her teens, and performed her *role* with unwonted life and spirit. We cannot be mistaken in thinking that she is improving rapidly. Study, care and observation will bring her out. Maiben, as *Gertrude*, made up splendidly, and his old beldame was a feature in the piece.

The bills announce "Satan in Paris," with a lively afterpiece for Wednesday night. By the way, the printer of the theater bills calls it thereon *Satin in Paris*, a bad spelling and fails to give the idea intended. For though satin may be plenty in Paris, we are informed that Mrs. Irwin intends on Wednesday to play the D——l, who don't spell his name that way.

[Correspondence from Idaho.]

A Spur to Mail Contractors.

BANNACK CITY, I. T., March 2d, '64.

EDITOR VEDETTE:—The United States Mail which was promised to arrive here by the first day of January, 1864, has not arrived up to this time: and why it does not come is probably because some men think all that is necessary to run a mail line through the Rocky Mountains, is to get the title of *Contractor*—and this of its self will make the *mare go*. But our opinion is, that if gentlemen wish to carry Uncle Sam's mail three or four hundred miles in a wild and mountainous country like this, they would do well to consider a moment the obstacles that are naturally to be encountered and be informed about the cost; and then say to the Postmaster General in truth, that their bids are made after having a knowledge of the route, the weights of the mail, etc. There is no use of misunderstandings—no use to make childrens bargains—and above all, there is no use of keeping ten thousand anxious people deprived of mail matter, at Government rates—three cent postage—for the benefit of a blind *Contractor*, and allowing him to beg a mistake and claim six months pay of $14 850, for three months service. Worse than this, allow him to discard schedule time and in place of weekly mails and round trips in fifteen days, to allow this "delinquent Contractor" to take his own time and make only one trip per month; or one trip in three months, and then draw upon the United States Treasury for six months service $14,850. There is a Denmark breeze some where and *must be looked up and removed*. The people of East Idaho would be pleased—yea, doubly glad, if they could have a United States Mail entitled to the appellation carrying their letters with celerity, certainty and security. For surely, their soreness is exceedingly great concerning the U. S. mail matter now on the road some weeks, and which should have arrived long ago: and the public hope, and ask, that somebody will do something to remedy this matter. But for the Bannack and Salt Lake City Express Company, we would have been in utter darkness for many months. This Company has supplied us abundantly with letters, papers, magazines, etc., to the tune of one dollar each; and we understand they have been authorized to carry or claim the authority for carrying the U. S. mail, but Postmasters of Salt Lake refuse to give it to them; hence they will also demand about $14,850 of Uncle Sam at an early day. We are also informed that Mr. King intends claiming of Uncle Sam, services for carrying the mail from Salt Lake City to Box Elder, which mail the Postmaster refuses to deliver to this gentleman—whether right or wrong we cannot say; so we may anticipate about three mails to be paid for, when there is only one-half carried. Is this good and true management for Uncle Sam? [We should rather think not.]

THE 22D AT EAST BANNACK.

Bannack citizens celebrated the 132d Anniversary of Washington's Birthday, on the 22d, with a grand Ball not to be surpassed by many older communities. Thirty couple, besides sixty odd gentlemen, dashed away all thought of woe, and danced the whole night away.

MINING ITEMS.

Although the winter season has, to a great degree, put a stop to placer mining throughout this mineral region, preparations for extensive work in the spring are being actively made. Ditches for the conveyance of water to mining claims are being projected and surveyed, and all expect a lively time as soon as the spring fairly opens. Prospecting is going on all around us. Quartz leads, of considerable extent, and it is believed of great richness, are being discovered in many directions, and locations of vast tracts have already been made. A large number of prospecters will start for the Bighorn country about the 15th of this month, and they indulge the highest anticipations of finding and opening us the richest section of this whole country. The most extravagant stories are afloat in regard to the wonderful richness of that region, but I refrain from repeating them until further exploration shall test the truth. Our latest news from the East convinces us that there is an immense immigration ready to start for this country as soon as the spring shall open, and the Bannack mines will be lively enough next summer.

Matters are growing more quiet here since the summary action of the Vigilance Committee, and it is believed that the country is pretty well rid of the highwaymen and marauders who have heretofore inflicted so much injury and blood-shed. More anon.

GOT-ANY.

Oh, No! there is no Gold or Silver in Utah!!

The following assay of surface rock from the Empire ledge, in West Mountain and only twenty-five miles from Salt Lake City, by Waters & Co.'s Assayers, No. 57, I street, Sacramento, California, has just been received:

SACRAMENTO, March 2d, 1864.

Value in gold to the ton	$41 54
" " silver " "	72 31
Total value per ton	$113 85

INDIAN VISITORS TO CAMP DOUGLAS.—Within the last few days several bands of Ute Indians have visited Camp Douglas headed by the Chiefs Tobby, Little Soldier, and other noted braves. They came on a friendly visit to thank General Connor for his kindnesses to them and their tribes, and renew their pledges of peace and good will. They are hearty and profuse in their expressions of desire to maintain their present friendly relations with the soldiers, and we are confident will not easily be tempted again into acts of hostility. The commanding General distributed among them small presents of food for their immediate necessities, as evidence of his kindly disposition to the red-men so long as they behave themselves. The swarthy chieftains with their retinue departed highly pleased with their visit and the reception accorded to them. They are beginning to appreciate that it is better for them to have the soldiers for friends than to make them their enemies.

CORRECTION.—In Friday's VEDETTE we stated that Henry Hyson was married to Mrs. Howe, the mother of the infant child forcibly taken from her a few days ago, by Gov. Doty. We are informed that this was a mistake, as the marriage ceremony was performed by Governor Harding. Although not at all important, we make the correction because we desire, when we attempt to state facts to be so correctly.

☞ The St. Louis, (Mo.,) correspondent of the San Francisco *Call*, says:

FOR THE GOLD MINES.—Several returned adventurers from the gold mines of Idaho, have made statements relative to the vast mineral wealth of that country, causing considerable of a fever among some of our more excitable citizens. Already quite a number of advertisements appear in the papers of this city, offering cheap and speedy transportation to the new El Dorado. The expectation is that there will be a very large emigration across the plains this season.

☞ We clip the following from a Virginia City (Nevada) paper:

AN EXCELLENT APPOINTMENT.—W. E. Melville, Esq., late Principal of the Public School in this city, has been appointed by his Excellency, Governor Nye, Quartermaster of the First Battalion of Nevada Territory Cavalry, with the rank of 1st Lieutenant. Governor Nye never made a better appointment since he has been in office.

THEATER!!

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY!!

Manager, ... H. B. Clawson
Stage Manager, ... John T. Caine

PERFORMANCES EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS.

The talented, versatile artists,

MR. and MRS. S. M. IRWIN

Appear Every Evening.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAR. 16th, 186[illegible]

Will be presented for the first time the Magnificent Drama in two acts,

SATAN IN PARIS

Or The Mysterious Stranger,

The Mysterious Stranger, assuming six different Characters . . . . . Mrs. S. M. Irwin
COUNT HENRY BRABOULEL . . . . . Mr. S. M. Irwin

Other characters by Messrs. McKenzie, Simmons, Maiben, Margetts, Dunbar, Mesdames Bowring, Woodmansee and Gibson, and Miss Alexander.

The Laughable High Comedy Farce never before acted here.

MY FELLOW CLERK.

TACITE . . . . . Mr. S. M. Irwin

For full particulars, see bills of day.

☞ Doors open at quarter past six; Curtain rises at seven o'clock. Box Office open every day for sale of tickets.

NOTICE.

Shareholders of the Star Company, Hope Lode, are requested to meet at Camp Douglas, U. T., on Monday evening, March 14th, at half past 8 o'clock P. M., for transaction of business. By request of

[illegible]

mar12d

BY PACIFIC TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

An Order.

WASHINGTON, March 11th.

The following order has just been nt to each Collector of Internal Reve- ue, from the Department here :

SIR :—You are informed that "An ct to increase Internal Revenue and ther purposes," has been approved y the President, therefore has become w; the Act takes effect from its pas- ge; duties upon distilled spirits is creased to 60 cents per gallon; duty n cotton to 2 cents per pound. You herefore require all distillers of spir- s in making returns to specify the mount removed on and after the 8th nstant, and on such amounts to pay axes of 60 cents per gallon.

(Signed,) JOHN J. LEWIS,
Commissioner.

New Military Arrangements.

The following military arrangements ave been made :

First. By order of the President, ieut.-General Grant is assigned com- and of the United States Army.

Second. Maj.-Gen. Halleck has been elieved from duty as General-in-Chief nd assigned to special duty in Wash- ington, as Chief of Staff of the army.

Third. Maj.-Gen. Sherman has been ssigned command of the military di- vision of Mississippi, lately command- ed by Gen. Grant, comprising the de- partments of Ohio, Cumberland, Ten- nessee and Arkansas.

Fourth. Maj.-Gen. McPherson has been assigned command of the depart- ment of Tennessee, recently command- ed by Gen. Sherman.

Fifth. Lieut.-Gen. Grant will estab- lish his head-quarters in the field with the respective armies operating under his personal supervision.

Brig-Gen. W. F. Smith to-day was nominated for Maj.-General of Volun- teers, vice Grant promoted; this is sup- posed to be a preliminary assignment to command of the army of the Poto- mac.

The Committee on the conduct of the War, have already examined several witnesses concerning Gen. Gilmore's Florida expedition, ascertaining that their evidence established even to the satisfaction of the Committee, that neither the President, Secretary of War or Gen. Halleck, were responsi- ble for the movement which had so disastrous a termination.

From Chattanooga.

CHATTANOOGA, March 10th.

Gen. Thomas rode to the front to- day and found all quiet along the lines. Our new position is consideraly in ad- vance of the one held during winter Gen. Palmer's lines embracing Chicka- manga battle field, Ringgold, Taylor's and White Oak Ridges to Cleveland Gap, are strongly fortified. There are at Dalton and Tunnel Hill, six divis- ions of rebel infantry. Four brigades are from Rhoddy's, Patterson's, Hughes and Davidson's. The cavalry and in- fantry organization consists of Har- dee's corps from Walker's, Cheatham's and Claburn's divisions, and Hind man's corps from Stevenson's, Stew- art's and Bate's. Four thousand men is a large estimate for each division, and five thousand for all the cavalry, which gives the grand total of twenty- nine thousand

There are no apprehensions of a raid on the railroad. All the lines are rebuiling to Ringgold, and are nearly finished.

Veterans are coming back at the rate of two thousand a day; many regiments bring three or four hundred recruits.

The Union meeting here to-day was largely attended by the citizens. Res- olutions in favor of immediate and un- conditional emancipation passed, unan- imously. A State Convention was also recommended.

Reports of Correspondents who accompanied Sherman's Expedition.

CHICAGO, March 11.

A correspondent who accompanied Sherman's expedition, writes from Canton, 26th, that the expedition has been successful in the object for which it was sent out. With 20 days rations it left Vicksburg on the 3d of Feb. In crossing the Big Black the next day, he had a sharp fight of an hour's duration with Wirt Adams' cavalry, and drove them beyond Jackson, at which place our army camped that night. We marched to Brandon the next morning, where we skirmished with some rebel cavalry and drove them out. On reaching Morton, we en- countered a division of Loring French's, who had been throwing up defenses and evidently intended to fight, but as our forces came up they slowly re- treated without firing a gun; on the 14th Hulburt's corps entered Meridian, the remainder of the expedition fol- lowing on the ensuing day, after hav- ing destroyed the town of Hillsboro, Scott county. On the way to Meridian we encountered some rebel cavalry and drove them out, after some skirmish- ing, and then took possession of the town and held it four days; during that time expeditions were sent out, which destroyed seventy miles of rail- road running out of Meridian, includ- ing over thirty-thousand feet of bridg- ing material and a large amount of rolling stock was also destroyed. The rebels themselves destroyed conside- rable rolling stock to prevent it from falling into our hands; while this was being done, the town of Enterprise, a village railroad station, was destroyed, together with a large amount of rebel stores. There had been no intention of going to Selma, and the main body of the army never went beyond Me- ridian.

Another correspondent says: It was confidently reported that Polk had 14,000 men at Meridian, yet he dare not make a stand. The expedition was at no time in danger from the enemy's resistance, on the contrary, the utmost terror was caused by our advance; the country was generally helpless. The country through which the expedition passed was thinly peo- pled, and most of the residents were poor; many of them would be glad to return to the Union again. Smith's cavalry was to have joined the expedi- tion at Meridian; if they had done so they would have been used to do im- portant service on the Tombigbee. The expedition left Canton on the 4th, and arrived at Vicksburg on the 7th. Nothing is said about cavalry fighting in the vicinity of Canton as reported through rebel sources a few days since. Our whole loss in killed, wounded and missing, is set down at one hundred.

A Rebel Dispatch.

CHICAGO, March 11th.

An Atlanta, Ga., dispatch of the 7th says: On Saturday morning Humb's brigade of cavalry attacked the Yan- kees twelve miles beyond Ringgold, and drove them from their position towards Chattanooga. The Yankees fled pricipitately. It is ascertained that the recent advance was made with the intention of a general attack, and the enemy was much surprised to find Johnston in such force. There is no present signs of a movement on the part of the Yankees.

Railroad Accident.

CHICAGO, March 11th.

An accident occurred on the Cleve- land and Toledo Railroad, on Wednes- day night, resulting in a mail car taking fire and was entirely consumed. One letter bag for San Francisco, one for Sacramento and one for Denver City were burned.

BY OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE.]

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.

ARRIVED—Brig Brewster from Boston.

SAILED—Ship Ellen Sears, for Liver- pool.

Isthmus butter has advanced to thirty-five cents.

Antracite coal dull at twenty-four dollars.

Tobacco active.

Whisky ninety-cents.

An upward movement in grain has continued during the past week, but is now checked.

Wheat, two and a half cents per pound; barley, three cents; superfine flour, seven dollars; extra flour, eight dollars.

If heavy rains are not experienced during March, a large portion of the bread stuff consumed during the en- suing year must be imported from the Atlantic side, although good crops are anticipated in Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 11th.

Letters from J. Ross Brown, dated Tucson, Arizonia, Feb. 6th, states that Kit Carson had arrived at Santa Fé, after a very successful campaign against the Navajo Indians. He brought two hundred and eighty pris- oners, leaving over five hundred with Col. Camby, to be removed as soon as their families could be gathered. The Navajos were virtually subjected, their principal Chief having been killed.

Gov. Goodman had temporarily es- tablished head-quarters near the con- fluence of the Salino and Rio Verde, where he was engaged organizing civil government for Arizona. Nearly every white man in the Territory was a candidate for Congress.

Sixteen Mexicans were recently killed by the Apaches, on the Allar road.

News from gold placers is favora- ble. Large emigration from Califor- nia is expected.

☞There is a great deal of preach- ing that isn't worth praying for.

NOTICE.

OFFICE, JORDAN SILVER MINING CO., Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864.

ALL persons purchasing Certificates of Stock in the Jordan Silver Mining Company, are notified that they must present their Certificates so purchased to the Secretary, in order that they may be cancelled, and new certificates issued instead.

By order of the Board of Trustees.

feb19 1m G. W. CARLETON. Sec'y.

COAL NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned is now prepared to deliver at his mine on East Weber, a first rate quality of Stone Coal at the rate of Five (5) Dollars per ton. I guarantee this Coal of a quality superior to any in the Territory. A large portion of my Coal is identical with the famous Cannel Coal. Orders may be left either at the mine or at the Telegraph Office, G. S. L. City.

jan18dh GEO. W. CARLETON.

NOTICE.

THE Public are notified that the Checks issued for change at my store, are only for circulation at Camp Douglas. Parties circulating my checks outside of Camp Douglas are notified that they do so at their own risk, and that I will not be responsible for their acts.

Persons holding my checks outside of Camp Douglas are notified that they will be redeemed on presentation at my store.

JOSEPH H. NEVITT,
mar4tf Post Sutler.

WANTED.

HAY and Wood, at Camp Douglas, by
jan5 dw1f WALKER BROS

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Geo. W. Carleton and William Galbraith, in the Weber Coal Mine, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against said Company will be settled by George W. Carleton, he having bought out the entire interest in said Company.

G. W. CARLETON,
feb5tf WM. GALBRAITH.

NOTICE.

OFFICE, JORDAN SILVER MINING CO., Great Salt Lake City, Feb. 17th, 1864.

THE Stockholders of the Jordan Silver Mining Co. are hereby notified that an assessment number five (5) of Two dollars and fifty cents ($2 50) per share, was levied by the Board of Trustees, on the 16th inst., payable on or before the first day of April, 1864.

By order of the Board.

feb17d4 G. W. CARLETON, Sec'y.

MANURE FOR SALE.

SEVERAL hundred loads of Manure for sale, at twenty-five cents per load, at Camp Douglas, U. T. Apply to the Post Treasurer. jan27tf

MR. T. A. LYNE,

Will give a

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT

AT THE

MUSIC HALL,

ON

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 14th, 1864.

The Accomplished Singstress MRS. A. LYNCH, the young Salt Lake Tragedian MR. HARDIE will appear, Mr. JONES will furnish excellent and appropriate Music for the Entertainment.

For particulars see Bills of the day.

TICKETS - - - - FIFTY CENTS

Seats and Tickets may be procured at Music Hall, from 10 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 to 4 p. m.

Doors open at 6 1-2, performance to commence at 7 1-2 o'clock. ma. 12td

HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING, AND SHAMPOOING.

E. J. CASANO HAS THE PLEASURE OF INforming the public that he has fitted up and opened a neat and

COMMODIOUS SALOON

South of the Cavalry quarters, at Camp Douglas, where he will attend to the wants of all who may favor him with their patronage. jan20 tf

FOR SALE—A GOOD CHANCE.

THE undersigned offers for sale cheap a first class traveling or freight wagon, Chicago manufacture, with sound, new oil cloth cover. The wagon is in first rate order. Call and see it. Apply on the premises, G. S. L. City, 1st South Temple street, near Main, to.

m 2 tf S. M. IRWIN.

CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA VOLUNTEERS RESTAURANT.

South-east of the Cavalry quarters Camp Douglas.

Meals at all hours between Reveille and Tattoo.

feb8 1m JULIAN ANTT, Prop'r.

WILLIAM MAUGER

HAS the pleasure of announcing to the public that he is prepared to perform all work entrusted to him, with neatness and dispatch. Watches repaired and warranted to keep good time. All Jewelry repaired by him he guarantees to give satisfaction.

Gold and Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Watch Guards, Ladies Watches, Breastpins, Finger Rings, Brooches, Gold Studs, Sleeve Buttons, etc. in fact every thing to be found at a Jeweler's Store, for sale at his shop at Camp Douglas, U. T. jan19 tf

JAMES LINFORTH,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

208 BATTERY STREET,

San Francisco, Cal.

Particular attention given to purchases for Utah. n 2:f

C. CLIVE,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Main St. opposite Town Clock, G. S. L. City,

CLOTHING of all kinds made and repaired in the highest style of art.

Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Officers' Military Uniforms. djan7tf

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House

THE citizens of Great Salt Lake City, and the traveling public are respectfully informed that the

Bannack Restaurant and Eating House,

situated on Main street, opposite the Salt Lake House, is now open, and the proprietor is prepared to furnish Board and Lodging on reasonable terms.

jan5-tf JOS. D. BAYLISS.

CITY RESTAURANT.

HYDE & VANCE, Proprietors.

WE would respectfully announce to the citizens of Salt Lake City and vicinity, and particularly the traveling public, that we have just opened a first class Restaurant, on Main street, next door to the Salt Lake House, where we will always be found ready to serve up Meals at all hours, in the best style and on the most reasonable terms. m 2-tf

EXCHANGE,

BROKERS AND BANKING OFFICE:

JOHN W. KERR,

DEALER IN

COIN,
GOLD DUST
and EXCHANGE.

Office, Salt Lake House Main Street, G. S. L. City. feb20tf

CAMP DOUGLAS

Shaving, Shampooing, and Hair-Cutting

SALOON.

JOHN TAUFER has the pleasure of announcing to the residents of Camp Douglas and vicinity, that he has again opened his Shaving, Shampooing and Hair-Cutting Saloon, and is now prepared to attend to the wants of all those who will favor him with a call. dec18-3m

MR. P. MOONEY

Has the pleasure of announcing to the Soldiers of Camp Douglas, that he will give a

ST. PATRICK'S BALL

—ON—

MARCH 17th, 1864,

Carriages will be in attendance, free of charge.

TICKETS, - - - - - - - - $5.00

SALT! SALT!!

A No. one article of fine boiled

TABLE SALT,

Put up in sacks of all sizes, in good style and at the shortest notice. Also, a superior quality without sacks furnished in any quantity, on application to

feb18-1m M. J. SNEDAKER.
6th ward, G. S. L. City.

From Havana.

NEW YORK, March 10th.

By the Roanoke from Havana the 5th: Eight hundred troops were daily expected from Cadiz to join the St. Domingo expedition.

The English steamer Donegal, with a cargo of cotton, had run the blockade at Mobile, on the night of the 28th of February, and had arrived at Havana.

The Mobile papers report that the excitement in regard to Sherman's expedition, had ceased.

Exchange of Prisoners.

FORTRESS MONROE,-March 8th.

A flag-of-truce steamer has arrived from City Point with 700 prisoners who were exchanged for an equal number of Confederates who were taken up.

The *Sentinel* of the 6th has the following: Sherman was at Canton on Wednesday, and rebel cavalry were fighting him on all sides; heavy cannonading at Canton all that day. Sherman leaves the country perfectly impoverished wherever he has been.

Payment of interest on the Public Debt--Return of Sherman's Expedition.

CHICAGO, March 10th.

In Senate yesterday Sherman reported from the Finance Committee, the Joint Resolution which authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to anticipate the payment of interest. It is amended so as to authorize him to dispose of any gold remaining in the Treasury as is not necessary for the payment of interest on the public debt. It is thought that in consideration of the sudden rise in gold in New York yesterday, the amendment would pass and that the majority in the House against it would be overcome. The House passed the bill for protection to the overland emigrants.

Late arrivals confirm the report of the return of Sherman's expedition to Vicksburg. His cavalry penetrated 36 miles beyond Meridian. About 5,000 negroes, all men, followed the army on its return; the women and children not being allowed to accompany them. About 1,000 prisoners were brought in. Considerable skirmishing occurred, but it is said that not more than a thousand rebels were seen at any one place. The Federal loss in killed, wounded, and prisoners, is estimated at 500. We hope to have full details of the expedition in a day or two.

Situation of the rebel army.

CHATTANOOGA, March 9th.

Situation of the rebel army is unchanged. Wheeler, Roddy and Morgan are all near Dalton. Probabilities are, Johnston's army will be largely increased from Mississippi and Alabama.

From Santa Fe—The Choctaw Nation.

FORT SMITH, Ark.

Citizens from Santa Fé who arrived here to-day, via the Choctaw Nation, say, that the people of New Mexico are in great fear of a rebel raid through their country, in consequence of the Federal occupation of the entire Southwest—Gen. Herron having blockaded all the routes to Mexico on the Rio Grande.

The convention of the Choctaw Nation called to meet by the middle of April, will embrace all the leading men of the tribe. Gen. Massey failed to induce the Choctaws to continue their relations with the Confederacy. The convention will propose the old terms of allegiance to the United States. Chief Jack McCurtain circulated over four thousand copies of the President's amnesty proclamation, which was received with great favor.

The Seminoles and Chickasaws are still obdurate, owing mainly to the influence of Gen. Cooper, the old Indian Agent.

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!!

We have just opened at our New Store

A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

From the Eastern Market,

Which we wish to dispose of as soon as possible, on Reasonable Terms.

Call and examine, at the New Store, opposite the U. S. Subsistence Storehouse, west side of Main street.

m7-tf WILKINSON & CONRAD.

NEW GOODS!

NEW GOODS!

We have just received from California, a

LARGE AND WELL SELECTED

STOCK OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Tinware, Gentlemen's Clothing, Tobacco, Cigars, Dye Stuffs and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

Town Clock Store, opposite Godbe's Drug store.

Call and examine our **New Stock.**

mar10-2w **F. D. CLIFT.**

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

I have just received and have to

ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS,

A large and

WELL SELECTED STOCK

OF

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Which I wish to dispose of as soon as possible.

Call and examine, and note the prices; no trouble to show goods.

WM. JENNINGS,

Staines & Needham's old Store, ain St.

The highest prices paid for Gold Coin and Gold Dust.

February 24th, 1864-tf W. JENNINGS.

GREAT SALT LAKE

—AND—

EAST BANNACK EXPRESS LINE

WILL commence running regular trips, with good thorough braced wagons, April 1st, 1864.

THROUGH IN SEVEN DAYS.

Leave Great Salt Lake City every Wednesday, via. Bannack and Nevada, and arrive at Virginia City every Tuesday.

Leave Virginia City every Tuesday, via. Nevada and Bannack City, and arrive at Great Salt Lake City every Monday.

Passengers and Express matter conveyed.

A. J. OLIVER & CO., Proprietors.

THOS. D. BROWN, Agent, Main St., G. S. L. City. m8-td

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

C. KIDGELL begs leave to inform his friends and the public at large, that he has removed his jewelry establishment to a more suitable store, on 1st South Temple street, near E. Cuthbert's blacksmithing shop, and opposite Mr. J. Cawsun's ice cream saloon, and at the same time returns thanks for past favors and solicits a continuance of their patronage, both in making and repairing jewelry, watches, etc., as he has engaged a first rate watch maker, and by strict attention to business and good workmanship, he hopes to give general satisfaction. Call and see him, as he expects a large stock of new goods to arrive soon. 2 1m

PAXTON & THORNBURGH, Virginia, } { E. WHEATON. AUSTIN.

PAXTON, THORNBURGH & CO., BANKERS,

AUSTIN, - - - - - - - - - - N. T.

Draw on

Virginia, Sacramento, Marysville and San Francisco.

Buy Drafts, Certificates of Deposit, County Warrants and other securities.

Purchase Bullion, and advance on the same for Coinage at the Mint.

Receive Deposits, make Collections, and transact a general Banking business. feb 24-tf

H. W. THEALL, Virginia. } { PAXTON, THORNBURGH & CO., AUSTIN.

ASSAY OFFICE

OF

THEALL & CO.,

AUSTIN, Nevada Territory.

Gold and Silver Bullion and Ores of every description, Melted and Assayed. Returns made in Bars or Coin.

We guarantee the correctness of our Assays.

All business entrusted to our care will be promptly and accurately attended to.

feb24-tf THEALL & CO.

FAUST'S

LIVERY, SALE, AND FEED STABLES,

(SECOND SOUTH TEMPLE STREET,)

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, AND SADDLE HORSES LET on moderate terms.

Horse and Cattle Market.

Auction Sales every Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. Particular attention given to selling Horses, Mules and Stock of all kinds. Purchasers and sellers will each consult their interest by calling on me.

CORRAL ACCOMMODATIONS

on a liberal scale, at my premises. Farmers will find here convenient stabling, at reasonable rates.

RANCH.

Horses or Mules Ranched by the month or year.

f-1 26-tf H. J. FAUST.

ARMY PROPOSALS.

Commissary Department, U. S. A.

PROPOSALS FOR

SUBSISTENCE SUPPLIES.

SUBSISTENCE OFFICE, G. S. L. City, Mar. 1st, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the U. S. Commissary of Subsistence for the District of Utah in this City until the 20th day of May 1864, for furnishing the following named Subsistence Stores—Viz:

1st, FRESH BEEF.

Three hundred and twenty-six thousand (326,000) pounds, more or less, of fresh beef, killed and dressed in the usual manner, (necks, shanks, and kidney tallow excluded,) for the troops stationed at Camp Douglas, to be delivered at that place, at such times and in such quantities as the commanding officer may direct.

The delivery to commence on the first day of July, 1864, and end on the 30th day of June, 1865.

2nd, FLOUR.

Five hundred and fifty thousand (550,000) pounds, more or less, of A No. 1 flour, in good and substantial sacks, containing 100 lbs each, and subject to inspection; to be delivered in such quantities and at such times as may be required, the delivery to commence on the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 1st day of January, 1865.

Provided, that not less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds shall be delivered during each of the months, from July to December, 1864, inclusive.

3rd, POTATOES.

Two thousand (2,000) bushels of potatoes, the delivery to commence on the 1st day of July, 1864, and the whole to be delivered on or before the 30th day of November, 1864. The delivery to be made at the Commissary Warehouse, in Great Salt Lake City, or at Camp Douglas, as the Commissary may direct.

4th, SALT.

Two hundred and fifty (250) bushels of A No. 1 fine boiled salt, in sacks, delivered on or before the 1st day of November, 1864, at the Commissary Warehouse, provided that at least twenty-five (25) bushels be delivered during each of the months of July, August and September, 1864.

Salt and Potatoes will be estimated and bid for at the rate of sixty (60) pounds to the bushel.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may have on hand for distribution.

Good and sufficient bonds will be required for the fulfillment of the contract or contracts, and the names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

In all cases except that of Fresh Beef, bids will be entertained for furnishing the whole or a part of the above named articles; provided such part shall not be less than fifty thousand (50,000) pounds Flour, two hundred and fifty (250) bushels Potatoes, fifty (50) bushels of Salt, and each bid must state specifically the articles and amount proposed to be delivered and the price.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the proposals at the office of the undersigned, at 1 P. M., on Friday, the 20th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through Post-Office or otherwise) to Capt. Chas. H. Hempstead, C. S., Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed Proposals for "Beef," "Flour," "Potatoes" or "Salt," as the case may be.

CHAS. H. HEMPSTEAD, Capt. and Commissary of Subsistence, District of Utah.

Quartermaster's Department, U. S. A.

Proposals for Fuel and Forage.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Great Salt Lake City, U. T., March 2, 1864.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office (next door to the Post-Office) until 12 M., the 20th day of May, 1864, for furnishing the following supplies of Quartermaster's stores, to be delivered at Camp Douglas, U. T., in such quantities as required; provided that two thirds of the whole amount of each article required, shall be delivered by the 1st day of December, 1864, and all to be delivered prior to June 30th, 1865.

Wood—Four Thousand [4 000] Cords.
Hay—Two Thousand [2 000] Tons.
Oats—One Hundred Thousand [100,000] Bushels.

All the articles must be of the best quality, and bidders will so specify in their bids; also good and sufficient bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contracts, and names of sureties must accompany each bid.

Bids will be received for furnishing the whole amount of each article required in one bid. And bids also will be received for not less than 10 000 bushels of Oats, or 300 tons of Hay, or 1,000 cords of Wood, in any one bid.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may furnish.

Contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of proposals, at my office, at 12 M., the 20th day of May, 1864.

Bids will be addressed (through the Post-Office or otherwise) to Capt. D. B. Stover Ass't Quartermaster, Great Salt Lake City, U. T., and endorsed, Proposals for "Wood," "Hay" or "Oats," as the case may be.

D. B. STOVER, Capt. and Ass't Quartermaster, District of Utah.

RANSOHOFF & SEA...

MAIN STREET, GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY.

Now offer to the Public one of the Best Assorted and Largest Stock of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Fancy and Staple Articles,

Ever Brought to this Territory,

Selected With Especial View to this Market!

AT RATES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

A Full Assortment of

MERCHANDISE,

Including

Fancy Articles, Dress Goods, Trimmings, Groceries, Hardware and Crockery.

In Fact Everything Desirable, Necessary and Useful from Needles up to Cooking Stoves; from Flannels and Silks to Calicoes, Collars and

WOOLEN GOODS.

Give us a Call, and see our Prices.

nov27dtf RANSOHOFF & SEA...

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

CITIZENS OF UTAH,

Bring in Your Produce!!

A. GILBERT,

(Next door to the Salt Lake House,) calls special attention to his large and well selected

STOCK OF DRY GOODS

Consisting of

COTTON, WOOLEN, AND MIXED FABRICS
CALICOES, SILKS, DRILLINGS, FLANNELS

and other

STAPLES,

Selected Expressly for this Market

Also offers on reasonable terms,

GROCERIES, COFFEE, CANDLES, SUGARS,
SOAP, etc., etc., etc.,
HARDWARE, CUTTLERY, CROCKERY,
etc., etc., etc.,

On Terms to Suit.

EXAMIE OUR GOODS AND TRY OUR PRICES

Highest Cash Prices paid for Grain.

nov27-dtf A. GILBERT.